WEDNESDAY MARCH 20, 1861

Important Appointments. Cassius M. Clay has been nominated as Min ister to Spain, and Thomas Conwin Minister to Mexico. The latter position, in view of the condition of affairs in the seceding States, and the policy they will adopt of territorial expansion southward, is regarded as the most important mission under the Government. Both of these gentlemen are conservatives and pronounced cowards by Philosopher GREELEY.

the sufficiency of the Constitution as it is, but the journed sine die. fact that the proposition for a convention was fa- House .- Resolutions of thanks to the Speaker vored by a portion of the Republicans of the Leg- and officers and the Reporters of the House were islature is an indication that a conservative senti- unanimously adopted. Several bills, among others ment is the sober second thought of the people.

Douglas on the Inaugural. We publish this morning a correct report of the remarks of Mr. Douglas, in the Senate on the but of course they could not be acted on, and a 6th inst., on the inaugural address of Mr. Lincoln. large number were handed in with reports to the We commend them to the reader as being very opportune in connection with the flying rumors of the pacific intentions of the new Administration. Mr. DougLas's sagacity foreshadows the against the State Board of Agriculture with a repolicy which Mr. Lincoln will pursue toward the port that Mr. Ray had entirely failed to substanseceding States from the necessities which surround him. He finds the head of a Government | report from the Committee on the Northern Pristo be a far different position from the Chief of a on, reflecting upon the manner in which the inparty, and he is not the first man who has discov- vestigation was had. Mr. Branham, from the ered the difference. A Catholic View.

the Freeman's Journal and Catholic Register, a leading, and one of the ablest organs of that de cance, and will, therefore, be read with interest. sine die his sentiments.

Careless Legislation. the legislation of the Republican Legislature was Smith's Journal, frequent notices of its ravages slip-shod throughout, and that the enrolling of in this region. Under date of October 31, 1737, the laws exhibits the most gross and inexcusable he says a fast was held on account of this throat carelessness. He thought an extra session of the Legislature almost necessary to revise many of Hampshire and Massachusetts, and was two years the laws that were exacted so as to make them intelligible and carry out the intent of the framers. shire not less than one thousand persons fell vic-It is evident that the Republican party is composed of materials illy calculated to govern, but hundred and fourteen died. In May, 1737, Paradmirably constituted to oppose. We miss a son Smith mentions that seventy-five had died of guess amazingly if they do not find themselves it in this town. Under date of October 13, 1737, soon in that position. In fact the administrative borough. Not one has lived that has had it of part of the organization came from the Demo- late." It was the most fatal scourge that ever cratic party, but even there is not leaven enough visited New England, and rapidly hurried its subin it to save it from destruction.

The Intelligencer on the Territorial

Question. The Washington Intelligencer argues that the organization of Colorado, Nevada and Dacotah Territories was effected by Congress upon principles which if carried out, would lead to the speedy and harmonions settlement of our National diffi culties .- Cincinnati Gazette.

These Territories were organized upon the doctrine of Popular Sovereignty, or non-intervention | Lincoln to the office of nominal President of the by Congress with the question of slavery-no United States. The city of Washington was allusion having been made in the Territorial bills | crowded on the occasion by tens of thousands of as to the principle of protecting or prohibiting slavery. Thus a Republican Congress has prac- The closing days of last week accumulated the tically acknowledged the principle laid down in gloom that has settled over the minds of patriotic the Cincinnati platform upon that issue and which men. The "Peace Convention" called at the inwas advocated by Mr. Douglas and his friends as stance of generous Virginia, adjourned, having been able to present nothing better for the con the true solution of this distracting issue between sideration of the country than the "plan" which we give in another column. We are unable to the North and the South.

The Legislature Adjourned.

The General Assembly adjourned size die yes
understand the motives that patriotic men in Washington found for the "joy and congratulation" with which the results of that Convention

terday noon. Never before since the organization of the State has a Legislature assembled rabid influences of the "Massachusetts School," more illiberal and intensely partisan. From beginning to end the majority acted as though they had but a brief hold upon the spoils of power and therefore they were determined to make the most of it. Every measure adopted was made subsidiary, as far as possible, to the advancement of the hope. party interests. That was the leading idea in all the legislation of the session. We favor a most sanctioned by the unanimous agreement that rigid scrutiny into all matters connected with the alone could have given them weight. On the administration of the Government, but such investigations should be fair and impartial and with a single reference to the promotion of the public interests. Such has not been vote of the New York delegation. The delegathe character of the investigations into the conduct of public officials, by the legislative com State on every question as it rose, according to mittees during the session, nor will it be of those the majority will in the delegation. Mr. D. D. appointed to sit in vacation. If any citizen, who delegation as a radical, was afterwards led off, by has held or now holds official position, is deserv- a fee, to attend court during the decisive session ing of censure for the manner in which he has of the Convention, and modestly left his injuncdischarged his trust, it should not be withheld; tions to supply the place of his presence and vote.

These injunctions receiving only the weight to hearsay evidence, without an opportunity of explanation and defence. The "retrenchment and And, still farther, these poor propositions of the reform " party will sadly disappoint the people of Peace Convention have been rejected by both the State. While a few abuses have been corrected, others have been continued, and the door rected, others have been continued, and the door opened wide for new enterprises in that regard. exertions, succeeded in passing Tom Corwin's Even the embezzlement law was so framed that it propositions, asserting the inviolability of State would become a nullity whenever its constitu- sovereignty in regard to the slaveholding States, would become a nullity whenever its constitu-tionality should be tested. The intention of the law was good, but the attempt to enforce it literally, even if it was constitutional, would show its impracticability. The despotic military servative course. His vote against these proposibill, with its costly provisions, and the iniquitous tions, in the Senate, revealed the truth that he is apportionment bills were defeated by the firmness but a trimmer, and will live and die such. He of the Democratic members and for which good floated off with the radicals. work they will have the approval of the people tion, with its customary speech. It is the fictatious generally and their constituents especially. We importance attached to the language of inaugurals presume Governor Monron will make the failure of these bills an excuse for the calling of an ment, as it was read, in our columns. Earnest, extra session of the Legislature. It is already is the language of the miserable and anti-national intimated that such will be the case. We shall party that elected Mr. Lincoln. The natural refer to the action of the Legislature, hereafter, meaning of his words is, that he makes no note

A Buffalo Hunt.—A large nuffalo which has the people of those States a foreign nation, even been stabled during the winter in the south part as in their heat of passion, their revolutionary of the city, waiting, we presume, for the grass to conventions have declared they already consider grow before his owner starts on an exhibiting themselves. The inaugural will be read to mean that Abraham Lincoln proposes to retake the tour, yesterday broke from his moorings and forts and other United States property in the sestarted in the direction of the Union Depot, bel- ceding States, and to collect the revenue in their lowing to the best of his ability. As he crossed Still, let us say, we do not believe he will atthe common he attracted a herd of steers and tempt the one or the other. If he does attempt cows and they kept at his beels bellowing also. it, in fact, he will force every slaveholding State It was an exciting scene to see the herd in full to unite with the Southern Confederacy, and he chase, and as they neared the depot the people fied in terror, tumbling over each other and bellowing, some of them, almost as loud as the ted States forts now held by seceding States, we frolicksome cattle. After frightening the crowds predict that, before snow falls next winter, a around the depot, his buffaloship made direct for Southern army will hold the city of Washington, Washington street followed by his admiring train, upon Northern soil. and by this time his keeper with a choice band of This is no menace, it is foresight. In God's hunters was in hot pursuit. On the crowded busi- name let it be prevented. * * * ness street, when the herd tore along it, the scene ness and misery for all of us. The laws in the can better be imagined than described. He was seceding States are in abeyance. Let them so finally headed off, took to an alley and was cap-

REVIVALS.—Revivals of religion have been in law within resisting States. progress in many parts of the State and country The remedy for this fundamental disorder in during the present winter and hundreds of per-sons have connected themselves with the various Congress. The only way now is to postpone acchurches. Among the places in this State where the spirit of revival has gained headway are Evansville, Princeton, Terre Haute, Vincennes, a peaceable separation. Is not this the American Fort Wayne, Madison and our own city. We way? Is it not the only way compatible with the believe the protracted meetings have closed in this city with two or three exceptions. Meetings are still held at Wesley Chapel (Methodist) every night, with a good deal of interest and success. Large congregations assemble nightly at the Christian Church, and a good work is being done. confined to carrying out this sole remaining plan. Already about twenty have connected themselves As to the border slave States-they are entitled with that church, and a number of baptisms have to the affection, to the gratitude, and to the prac-been made. Quarterly meeting commenced at tical friendship of all patriots for the conservathe United Brethren Church ou Saturday, and the tive course they have taken hitherto. In presous feeling there is in the ascendency. We ence of Mr. Lincoln's attitude in his inaugural, stand from a member of one of the Method | we feel that it may be impossible for them longer ist churches, that during this winter about to preserve their conservative position. But twenty accessions have been made to the Centheir exertions have not been in vain. They tenary, forty to the Wesley Chapel, John Street have strengthened the hands of conservatives at ten. Roberts' Chapel twelve to fifteen. A number of persons have joined the Universalist church since their new building has been erected and completed, and quite a large congregation attends our own doors to keep from being dragged into to meetings held there.—New Albany Ledger. so unholy a conflict of sections.

Legislative Summary.

MONDAY, March 11, 1861. SENATE .- Resolutions were adopted-of thanks o the officers of the Senate-directing the Finance Committee to report a joint resolution restricting the officers of the Northern State Prison in letting the contracts for the same-several in regard to the distribution of documents, and also resolutions expressive of the regrets of the Senate on the death of Rufus Brown, late a Senator from Marshall and St. Joseph's, and of Isaac A. Rice,

late a Senator from Fountain county. Several appropriate speeches were made on the occasion of the presentation of these resolutions. The use of the Chamber was allowed to the Baptist National Convention of the States. | congregation, whose church was recently burnt, A joint resolution passed the Legislature re- for worship, and the Librarian was directed to commending Congress to call a Convention of take up the carpet and preserve it until needed the States to consider the political troubles of the for the next General Assembly. After some country and make such amendments to the Con other unimportant business, the President then stitution as the public exigencies demand. There addressed the Senate in a speech, which appears were some qualifications in the resolution as to in our reports, and pronounced the Senate ad-

the fish bill, and the bill regulating the practice of medicine and surgery in the State, were returned from committees recommending their passage, effect that the committees had not time to examine them. The Committee on Agriculture returned the memorial and charges of L. M. Ray tiate any fraud. Mr. Heffren made a minority Committee on Ways and Means and the Commit tee on Public Expenditures made a very lengthy

report on the financial affairs of the State. Mr. In another column will be found an article from Stotsenberg offered a joint resolution requesting Congress to call a National Convention. Ma Bundy offered a substitute embracing the same object, which was passed by yeas 58, nays 18. nomination, expressing, undoubtedly, the Catholic Various resolutions were passed in respect to the sentiment upon the inaugural address of Mr. Lin- distribution of documents and 500 copies of Dracoln. In the present posture of political affairs, for the use of members, when, at 11 o'clock, A. the views of the Freeman's Journal have signifi- M., the Speaker declared the House adjourned That paper was at one time the special organ of DIPTHERIA AN OLD VISITOR IN NEW ENGLAND. Archbishop Hughes of New York, and it is sup- The throat disease now known as diptheria is an posed now to have his confidence, and to represent old disease with a new name. The word is from

a Greek word signifying skin, and should be spelled diphtheria, and not, as it usually is, diptheria. This disease visited this country as long A leading Republican Senator informs us that ago as 1737, and raged with great violence. We find, says the Portland Transcript, in Parson ed, so as to make them in reaching the Hudson River. In New Ham

jects to the grave; the throat swelled, became covered with ash-colored specks, great debility and prostration ensued, with putrefaction. Under the improved methods of treatment of the present day, it is less fatal.

narrow and bigoted, the language of the inaugural

of the disruption of fundamental relations-that

he does not recognize that force, used by him in

the bounds of the seceding States, will make of

and, if there be civil war, it will be carried on

Mr. Lincoln to attempt what is impossible, which

The "Freeman's Journal" on President Lincoln's Message. [From the New York Freeman's Journal.] THE INAUGURAL AND ITS CONCOMITANTS. On Monday last, the melancholy spectacle was presented of the inanguration of Abraham excited men-comparatively few of whom seem to understand the blow the country has received. at length, advocating State rights.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 12. SENATE.—The Senate took up Foster's resolution for the expulsion of Wigfall, when on mo- posed evacuation of Fort Sumter. tion of Mr. Simmons it, together with Clingman's substitute, was referred to the Judiciary Com-

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 13. SENATE .- Mr. Douglas offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for information as to the forts in the seceding States; and, if it is necessary to reoccupy the same, what force will be necessary for the purpose, etc.

Messrs. Wilson and Mason objecting, the resolution lies over.

Secretary of the Senate to strike from the roll of the Senate the names of Senators from the seceding States, who have declared they are no longer members of the Senate. The Senate went into executive session, and af-

Southern News.

A member of Congress says it provides for the President to serve six years—Executive appointments under the grade of the Cabinet to hold office during good behavior. The slave trade is prohibited. The Cabinet officers are eligible to Corwin, Minister to Mexico. The latter is conseats in Congress.

ury notes, for current expenses.
The Secretary of the Treasury finds no difficulty in negotiating the \$15,000,000 loan at par.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Tuesday, March 12. injunction of secrecy having been re- Consul at Frankfort on the Main, Archibald moved, I am able to send a synopsis of the per- Williams as District Judge of Kansas, and Wm. manent Constitution. The following are its P. Dale Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and principal features: No person who is foreign, were confirmed by the Senate to-day. Other and not a citizen of the Confederated States is nominations were referred. allowed to vote for any officer, civil or political, Inquiry at proper quarters warrant the asser-State or Federal. Under the first census South tion that no order has yet been issued in reference Carolina is entitled to five representatives in Con- to the evacuation of Fort Sumter. gress, Georgia 10, Alabama 9, Florida 2, Missis- At Secretary Chase's request George Harring-

State, by a two-third vote.

of discussing the measures of his department. slaves is continued.

Congress is not allowed, through duties, to fasten any branch of industry. The foreign slave trade is prohibited. Houses, except the appropriation be asked by the to-day. Com. Stewart, President.

Extra compensation is to be allowed to any contractor, officer or agent, after the contract is made or the service rendered. Every law shall relate to one subject, and be expressed by title. this information, however, is not official.

Principal officers of Departments and Diplomatic service are removable at pleasure of the Other civil officers are removable when their

ate when practicable. No captious removals are Other States to be admitted to the Confederacy by vote of two thirds of both Houses. slavery shall be acknowledged and protected by Congress; and Territorial Governments, where

shall be recognized until ratified. Provisional Constitution shall remain in force not extending beyond one year. Nothing of interest transpired in Congress to-SAVANNAH, GA., Wednesday, March 13.

the Government of the Confederate States. An ordinance has also been passed appropri- Eastman, and A. D. Reed, Master. ating half a million dollars for the support of the rernment, and authorizing the Governor to Washington Navy-yard, with her officers and supssue 7 per cent. bonds for that amount. The report of the seizure of the Northern stock in the Macon and Western Railroad is denied.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, Monday, March 11. Gov. Houston refuses to recognize the Conposed to Texas joining the confederacy.

Telegraphic.

The Convention in reply passed an ordinance

laiming full powers and promising to consum-

mate the connection of Texas with the Confed-

an oath of allegiance to the new Government,

It is said Mr. Clarke will be put in Mr. Hous-

Fifteen hundred Texan troops are at or near

Arrangements are made for the Federal troops

The Convention has passed an ordinance to

Bnazos, Wednesday, March 6.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, March 12.

New Youk, Monday, March 11.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 11.

ton's place if the latter refuses to take the oath.

It is also reported that Governor Houston is rais-

and to carry out the Convention ordinances.

ing troops on his own account.

Brown, on their way to the coast.

Col. Ford was at Brownsville.

Gen. Nicholls at Point Island.

Adjourned till to-morrow

From New York.

Advices from Montevideo state that the ship

The bark Warwick of New Orleans, recently

arrived from Cadiz with a cargo of salt, struck

From Washington.

The Criminal Court to-day discharged Wm. H

tigating committees from trial, Mr. Russell hav-

conflict of opinion between Republicans on this

than by passively awaiting the progress of events.

o'clock to-day to take into consider

of that place.

view to-morrow.

A Cabinet meeting was held at half-past twelve

Archibald Campbell, editor of the Wheeling

Reports prevail of the contemplated evacuation

The Commissioners from the Confederated

probably make a formal application for an inter-

The Senate has confirmed R. J. Pavne, as Dis-

The President sent in the nominations, which

rict Attorney, for the Northern District of Ohio.

were referred, of J. Z. Goodrich, Collector of

Posmaster General; Archibald Williams, District

Judge of Kansas, and Dale of Illinois, Secretary

loston; George McClelland Second Assistant

It is known that the intention of the President

is to first fill the vacancies which exist, and which

must be filled, during the present session of the

pointments will be deferred until this is done. In

the meantime applicants are required to file their

The officers of the Army met at the War De-

partment at noon to-day, and in company with Lieutenant General Scott and Secretary Came-

ron, proceeded to the White-house, and formally

The President to-day nominated to the Senate

Cassius M. Clay as Minister to Spain, and Thomas

sidered the most important mission under the

Government at this time considering the terri-

torial extension question as connected with the

The President to-day nominated Amos Tuck

Naval Officer at Boston, Willard Phillips Col-

lector at Salem, Massachusetts, Rufus Hosiner

lischarge of duties as Assistant Secretary

Chief Clerk.

more firmly together.

service as above.

plies on boards.

Redman has returned to his former position as

George E. Baker, of Albany, is appointed Dis-

The municipal authorities to-day presented Mr.

soon come out of its struggle, and be able to look

The Armstrong court martial was organized

Gentlemen in Government positions, confi-

dently assert that Fort Sumter will be abandoned

in consequence of the peremptery opinion of Scott; some say it will be done next Monday,

The report prevails that Crittenden is almost

What the Southern Congress have done so far,

Senator Latham has succeeded in getting

Angelos, with weekly service to San Diego.

A contract was also closed for the removal of

from St. Louis to Placerville California in six-

teen days, Sundays included; also, a Pony Ex-

to commence the 15th of June. The contract

was signed to-day, and the overland mail is dis-

continued until the establishment of the Central

Mr. Seward has declined a conference with the

Southern Commissioners. They will, to-day ad-

dress an official formal communication to him,

setting forth the character and purpose of their

The principal officers of the steamer Water

dorff; Lieutenants J. L. Davis, Cushman and

The steam sloop-of-war Pawnee is still off

Workmen are engaged in putting in the ma

chinery of the Pensacola, which will not be ready

certain to be nominated to the Supreme Bench.

as been informal in the direction of peace.

Washington, Wednesday, March 13.

paid their respects to the President.

Senate. Excepting in a few instances other ap-

Intelligencer, has been nominated for Postmaste

were still arriving.

ity of Texas.

The Convention will require all officers to take

erate States and notify the State of this course.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 11. SENATE.—The Senate resumed the consideration of Mr. Foster's resolution for the expulsion of Senator Wigfall, and Clingman's substi

CONGRESSIONAL.

Mr. Foster had offered the resolution neither as a party or personal question, but had acted in ac- Brownsville. ce with his duty, considering the avowal of the Senator. He differed altogether with Mr. Clingman, that a State has the right under the to leave as soon as transportation is provided. Constitution to go cut of the Union. Mr. Foster said the Senate owed it to itself not to allow a seat | continue the Custom-house and officers on duty here to one who avowed he was a foreigner, and until suspended by the State Government or b owed no allegiance to the country to which he the provisional Government. belonged, but to a foreign Government; and if that Government happened to take up arms against this Government, and seize its property, and expels from its territory by force the troops of the United States, it became a very serious objection, and it was inconsistent to allow any one so circumstanced to hold a seat here. He had no personal feeling in the matter.

Mr. Foster then argued against Mr. Clingman's substitute, which admits the right of secession, but no such thing was known to the Constitution, which was too plain on this point to argue, or ad-mit of a doubt. He held that the Senator was entitled to a seat on sound constitutional ground, whether Texas seceded or not. That State, by withdrawing from the Union, could not withdraw him from that body.

Mr. Clingman replied, that if the accounts were true Texas had called a Convention and attendance small. passed an ordinance of secession, which had been ratified by the people, and if the act was voted. Texas was no longer one of the States, and he and it was evident that the sentiments of the memtook it for granted, if Texas seceded she is not bers were somewhat modified. entitled to a representation here. The Senator It is thought a committee will be appointed from Texas believes his State has seceded. The to confer with the Virginia Convention. Senator from Connecticut says the act of secession is invalid. Then the Senator from Texas is entitled to a seat, unless an erroneous opinion

Was it ever maintained that because one Sena- telegraphically ascribed to him from Washington, tor differed from another on a constitutional is authoritatively contradicted. question that that was a reason for expelling him? If it is an error for the Senator from Texas to believe that his State has a right to secede, why not expel the Virginia Senators who held the same opinions, and especially why not those who declared it and have gone away? No motion is Flying Eagle of Boston, from New York, bound made to expel Jeff. Davis, who is at the head of to San Francisco, arrived on the 4th inst, to rea foreign republic, and has advised the seizure of pair damages, having sprung her bowsprit in a arms and forts. He (Clingman) did not think gale of wind. She will receive a new one. the avowal of Wigfall a sufficient ground for his

He continued at some length arguing that the on a reef on the 4th inst., in the harbor, and soon course of the Senator from Connecticut was not became a total wreck. The whole cargo was also Mr. Mason contended that the resolution was The steamer Johnson sailed, with a cargo of one of expulsion for what the Senator from Texas | cannon, provisions, etc.

said on this floor; and he said if Mr. Foster A schooner is loading for Fort Jefferson, at thought that Mr. Wigfall ought not to occupy Governor's Island. his sent because he was not a citizen, he ought to move to refer the subject to a committee, so that, if facts warrant, the seat is to be declared vacant. Mr. Foster asked whether, after the Senator from Texas had been duly elected by his State, Russell, who was indicted in connection with the and admitted as a member here, they could in abstraction of Indian trust bonds. quire into the legality by which he holds his seat, The judicial course was in accordance with the a new fact arising which did not exist at that law of 1857, which exempts witnesses before inves-

Mr. Mason was very certain if the Senator was ing appeared as such before that of the House on the fact warranting such a course it should be dis- Ex-Secretary Floyd to-day gave \$10,000 secuclosed. He defended the course of Mr. Wigfall, rity for his appearance at court and said if it be a punishable offense to allege a | An official dispatch was read from Montgomer constitutional truth that the resolution may be this morning, instructing Messrs. Crawford and well fonded. For one he (Mason) recognized Forsyth to at once enter upon the business of neno allegiance to this government, none whatever, and here took his position alongside the Senator for the other Commissioner. from Texas. He owed allegiance to Virginia and An official letter from Major Anderson, which no one else. Did the Senator from Connecticut arrived on Saturday, says he had only fifteen resist the doctrine of constitutional law and hold days subsistence and wood. The question has, the Government of the United States sovereign? if | therefore, arisen with the Administration whether he did God help him. So far as the Senator from reinforcements be attempted or the fort abandon-Texas has committed an offense by saying he ed. The latter course, it is thought, will be owed allegiance to this Governments he stood by adopted from inevitable necessity, by advice of his side and should be unfaithful to Virginia if he Lieutenant General Scott. There is, however, a

Allegiance here is that which is due from one question, but no conclusion was arrived at in citizen to a sovereign power, and he knew no Cabinet council to-day. sovereign except the State. He denied that the The Cumberland and Pocahontas have, accordact of separation was a nullity, and said that only | ing to official advices, left Vera Cruz for Norfolk, Virginia had denied it; but six States denied and the Powhattan is on her way to New York. such a doctrine and have formed a Government, The Macedonian is the only vessel left at Vera and is prepared to sustain itself if attacked. Mr. Cruz. Hunter considered the resolution as one of cen- The National Intelligencer of to-day contains sure for the mere expression of opinion. The a long article recommending the relinquishment Senator from Texas having done nothing more of Forts Sumter and Pickens as an act of conthan declare his belief in secession, and continued | ciliation, and says that the new Administration might, by moving first in the direction of concil-The Senate went into executive session and lation, do infinitely more to consolidate its power then adjourned.

Mr. Trumbull, from the Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred Mr. Mason's resolution of Fort Sumpter, but up to eight o'clock to-night about Messrs. Carlton and Sanborn, reported the President had given no order for that purback the resolution with a recommendation that pose-gentlemen of prominence, however, say it be postponed till the third Monday in Decem- they have information which satisfies them that ber, which was agreed to. The committee deem such a course, from necessity, will be pursued. it premature to order payment at this time. The Senate went into executive session and States did not see the Secretary of State, but will

Mr. Fessenden offered a resolution directing the of Indian Affairs.

Washington, Tuesday, March 12. terward adjourned.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Monday, March 11.

A permanent constitution has been adopted but

An act was passed issuing \$1,000,000 in treas-

sippi 7, Louisiana 6, Texas 6, and each State to ton. Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department un

two Senators. Federal officers, resident or acting, in said Both Houses of Congress may grant seats on

the floor to either of the principal officers of each | bursing Clerk in the State Department. of the Executive Departments, with the privilege Crittenden a copy of a joint resolution of respect Representation on the basis of three-fifths for adopted by the City Councils. In acknowledging the honor he said he should retire from pub-lic life with full confidence that the nation would

Congress is prohibited from making appropriaheads of some department or the President.

The President and Vice President hold office

services are unnecessary, or for good causes or reasons. Removals must be reported to the Sen-

The Confederacy may acquire territory, and five States shall ratify a permanent Constitution,

The Georgia State Convention has transferred Witch, at Philadelphia, detained for special the forts, arsenal, arms and munitions of war, to service, are: Lieutenant Commanding. Boucken-

The President of the road-Isaac Scott, Esq.,- for sea for two or three months. says there is no foundation for the report.

Mack H. Cobb, of Pennsylvadia, has been ap pointed Disbursing Clerk in the War Department in place of John Polk, who is promoted to the vention, and considers that its functions termin | chief clerkship. ated in submitting the secession ordinance to the The Charleston Courier, of Monday, says the people. He tells the Convention that he and the subscriptions delivered in that city toward the Legislature, which meets on the 18th, will attend establishment of a steamship line between Liverto the public questions now arising. He favors pool and Charleston have reached an amount a new Convention to make such changes in the authorizing the definite organization of the com-State Constitution as are necessary. He is op pany and the commencement of the work on the Washington Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Monday, March 11. The Herald's Washington correspondence states that political circles were feverishly ex- Moffat's Life Pil cited Sunday by the report that the evacuation of forts Sumter and Pickens were determined upon in the Cabinet council Saturday night. It is now certain that the stock of provisions is almost exhausted. Several Republican Senators have reupon, while the leading Southern Democrats cal t a master stroke of policy.

to be Collector; Wakeman, Surveyor; Webb, Naval; Hoxey, Postmaster, and Nye, Marshal. Delafield Smith, it is said, stands a fair chance to be appointed District Attorney. The Times' correspondence says-I heard distinguished Secessionists confess to-night that if Mr. Lincoln does withdraw the troops from Fort

New OBLEANS, Tuesday, March 12. Galveston advices state that troops formerly movement ruined. stationed at Camp Ringgold had arrived at Fort George G. Fogg, late Secretary of the National Republican Committee, has been tendered the position of Commissioner of Patents. The steamer Damel Webster was outside Brazos to transport federal troops to the North. Illinoisians say Mr. Lincoln's intimate friend

It was reported that 1,500 Texans were sta-Col. Lamon, is certain to be Marshal of this Dis-Hon. Eli Thayer is urged to accept the Gov-The collector of the district of Brazos had reernorship of New Mexico. signed, and resumed his duties under the author-John D. Defrees, of Indiana, will probably be

Gen. McLeod was in command at Brazos, and The State Conference assembled again to-day: recommend the following appointments in that certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel. State: N. G. Debel, of Livington, for Collector The Chairman said he understood Governor Hicks was still unwilling to call a Convention, Dickey, of Calhoun, Marshal; Mr. Stoughton, of St. Joseph, for District Attorney.

Ben. McCullough and his followers are organizing for a descent upon the northern provinces sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexion NASHVILLE, Monday, March 11. Hon. John Bell has arrived here, and his views of the inaugural, with his advice to Tennessee, as

> through the decided influence of Senator Wade. Advices from Montgomery announce that the Constitution of the New Confederacy has been Constitution of the New Confederacy has been ordered to be engrossed. It is extremely conservative. Five millions of the loan have been action of these remarkable remedies; Night Sweats, Nertaken at par, and no doubt the remainder will be taken at the same figure.

Washington Correspondence. NEW YORK, Wednesday, March 13. [World's Correspondence.]

The question of the nomination of Mr. Critten-

den to fill the vacancy in the Supreme Court is at last settled, by a vote in the Cabinet, that it shall Col. Ellsworth has been appointed a Lieutenant in the Army.

The late Adjutant to Gen. Cooper, at the request of Jeff. Davis, has gone to Montgomery. with the evident view to resume the same posi The Herald's correspondence, in reply to dispatches putting the authorities on their guard,

"We are prepared at all points, and defy them re-enforce Fort Sumter. Senator Trumbull is severely denounced b Ilinois Republicans for urging his brother-inlaw's appointment as Governor of Dacotah. The nomination of James Speed as Postmaster of the following complaints, viz

at Louisville gives a good deal of satisfaction. In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspep-The friends of B. Gallagher are especially chag- sia, Constipation, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Incipient Con-Marshal in Indiana. John L. Scripps is appointed Postmaster at Chicago; G G. Jones, Postmaster at Terre

Haute; J. M. Stockton, Postmaster at Maysville, and John Corwin, Postmaster at Hamilton, Ohio. James Tyner, a State Elector, has been appointed a special mail agent for Indiana. Secretary Cameron will retain the present come entirely forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have Chief Clerk, Mr. Poth, for the present. To day, Mr. H. M. Cobb, of Tioga, Pa., was appointed Disbursing Clerk of the War Depart-

Cameron is understood to favor the policy of collecting the revenues outside of the ports, after Secretary Chase shall have drawn requisitions upon the officers of the seceding States and they ween the United States and Peru, relative to

tween the United States and Peru, relative to the difficulties growing out of the seizure of the forms them. ships Lizzie Thompson and Georgiana. Mr. Seward received the offer cordially, but of course did not commit himself on the subject. All arbitration on this case was rejected by the late Administration. The Court in the Com. Armstrong court mar-

tial case was organized this morning, Com. Stewart officiating as President, Coms. Shubrick. Gregory, Stringham, Mervin, Paulding, Cobb F. Breeze, McCleary, Jarvis, and Capts. Hull and Nicholson constitute the court. Col. A. B. Ma-gruder is Judge Advocate and Phillip Phillips known liabilities. counsel for the defense. [Tribune Correspondence.]

The nomination of Mr. Corwin as minister to not desired. It is only three days since he urged swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles. and was influenced mainly by the desire to secure his services in carrying out the policy which Mr. Corwin has advocated in and out of Congress as most desirable for our future commer ial, political and diplomatic relations with that its use. republic. If he consents to accept that mission at all, which is yet undetermined, it will be for the purpose of inducing Mexico to adopt this at all, which is yet undetermined, it will be for the purpose of inducing Mexico to adopt this at all letters, orders, &c., should be addressed to the purpose of inducing Mexico to adopt this policy and for no other reason. In this view the mission is now among the most important in the whole service.

The agents of Jefferson Davis are there en deavoring to obtain recognition Virginia Convention.

RICHMOND, VA., Monday, March 11. The convention returned thanks to Critterder for his patriotic efforts to bring about an honora ble adjustment of the difficulties. Mr. Baldwin made a minority report from the Committee on Federal Relations in favor of a border State convention at Frankfort, and oppos ing coercion-charging the present condition of

The majority report recommends the people of her sister States to respond at their earliest con-venience to its position and amendment to the Constitution to be proposed becaute in con-allay Pulmonary and Bronchial Irritation. Constitution, to be proposed hereafter, in case Virginia fails to obtain satisfactory responses from slaveholding States. She feels impelled to re slaveholding States. She feels impelled to re-sume sovereign powers, and throw herself on TROCHES, made me often a mere whisperer." her reserved rights. It is made an indispensable condition that a pacific policy be adopted towards the seceded States ; that no attempt be made to TROCHES, "Have proved extremely serviceab reinforce or recapture the forts or exact payment of imports upon commerce or any measure cal culated to provoke hostilities; that Virginia will regard any hostile action by either side as hurtful and unfriendly, and as leaving Virginia free to determine her future policy.

The report recommends a Conference of the Border States at Frankfort, Ky., on the last

Monday in May. The foregoing will probably not fully meet the approval of the Union members, because it ap parently recognizes the legal right of secession with joy upon dangers which had cemented them The majority report re affirms the doctrine of States rights, and declares interference with slavery by the federal authorities, or the people contrary to the Constitution, offensive and dangerous; condemns the formation of geographical or sectional parties; demands a fair partition o the territory, and equal protection therein; de clares it is unwise, impolitic and offensive to accumulate within the limits of a State interested in the irritated pending question of the deepest importance, an unusual number of troops and munitions of war; indulges in the hope of a restoration of the Union, and fraternal feelings; recommends the repeal of unfriendly and unconsti tutional legislation, and the adoption of proper weekly mail service from San Francisco to Los amendments to the Constitution; concedes the right of States to withdraw for just causes; alludes to the position of the Federal Government dis claiming the power under the Constitution to re-cognize withdrawal without expressing an opinion the Butterfield to the Central route, with service on the question of power it deserves to confer upon the Government, power necessary to deal press three times a week for eight years, service peaceably with the question involved; if necessary to recognize the separate independence of seceding States, make treaties and pass such laws

> RICHMOND VA., Tuesday, March 12. In the convention, to-day, Mr. Sumner made a propositions, and urging such action as would meet the views of the whole State. He showed the folly of passing a secession ordinance for reference to the people, as it would divide them.
>
> All letters giving an accurate description of the case and inclosing a postage stamp, will receive prompt after tion. Medicines furnished, when desired, at modera prices, and forwarded secure from observations, and cur guaranteed. Address,
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> Letters giving an accurate description of the case and inclosing a postage stamp, will receive prompt after tion. strong speech of three hours, advocating peace peace on all sides, then call a border State conference, with peace propositions as a basis of ad iustment, and then the convention to adjourn over to await the result. He expressed full confidence of eventual restoration. Mr. Tyler replies to-morrow.

as separation may make proper.

mands are granted.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, March 13 Mr. Summers' speech in the Convention was the Unionists consider his arguments unanswerable.

There is but little doubt that the Border State
Conference proposition will be adopted, but that the peace propositions will be taken as a basis of are indispensable for cleansing and strengthening the adjustment, is doubtful. Some secessionists admit the impossibility of

MEDICAL.

PHŒNIX ITTERS.

peatedly declared that such policy was decided the public for a period of thirty years, and decided the public for a period of thirty years, and decided the public for a period of thirty years, and during time have maintained a high character in almost a master stroke of policy.

The leading appointments for New York are every part of the globe for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons sufsaid to be decided upon. Hiram Barney is said fering nearly every kind of disease to which the human The following are among the distressing variety of ha-

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and Mr. Lincoln does withdraw the troops from Fort second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile Sumter secession is dead, and every leader in the instead of the stale and acrid kind; Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-temper Anxiety, Langor and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish as a natural consenence of its cure.
COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the ntestines with a solvent process, and without violence all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation through the process of perspiration in such cases and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruc-

tion in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure Rheums Superintendent of the Public Printing Office in tism permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles Secretary Welles contemplates disposing of the patronage of his department at an early day.

The Michigan delegation have agreed to the lightest and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and biadder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a

Also, WORMS, by dislodging from the turning of bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adh of Detroit; Hon. W. A. Howard, Postmaster of SCURVY, UICERS and INVETERATE SORES, by the Detroit; Hon. D. C. Leach, Indian Agent; Col. perfect purity which these Life Medicines give the bloo SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and bad complexion, by the alternate effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints of New Mexico with the expectation of uniting them to Texas by conquest and setting up an independent Government to be detached from the enza will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the Cotton Confederacy. This scheme has been plan-PILES.—The originator of these medicines was cured of Piles of thirty-five years' standing, by the use of the Life An animated contest occurred vesterday over the District Attorneyship for Northern Ohio. FEVER AND AGUE .- For this scourge of the Western Robert Paine, of Cleveland, was finally accepted

country, these medicines will be found a certain and safe remedy. Other medicines subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent. Try them, Mr. Ballard will be Collector, and Mr. Coles be satisfied and be cured.

BILLIOUS FEVERS AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, BILLIOUS FEVERS and diseases of Fe-General Debility, Loss of Appetite, and diseases of Females. The medicines have been used with the most benevous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Palpita tion of the Heart, Painter's Colic are speedily cured.

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patches putting the authorities on their guard, A Iron, purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combus-says Gen. Beavergard telegraphed here to-day as tion of Hydrogen sanctioned by the highest medicinal authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and pre The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each

sumption, Scrafulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruction, Whites Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c. In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute diseases or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description or written attestation would render credible.

Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have very nearly be-

suddenly re-appeared in the busy world, as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent maramus, sanguineous exthe physician has no name. In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons fa-

have refused to comply.

The French Minister called upon Mr. Seward at the State Department to-day, and tendered the good services of his Government to mediate be. Piles, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and

the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicates inriends and physicians in several very gratifying and inresting instances.

In Scrofulous Tuberculosis, this medicated fron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously be mown liabilities.

The attention of females can not be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the case peculiarly affecting them.

In Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the Mexico was quite unexpected to him, and was well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the

upon the President the selection of another person as peculiarly fitted for this post. Mr. Lincoln nominated him without any conference whatever, No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole hisfor remedy has ever been discovered in the whole instory of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follows

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AT LITTLES HOTEL. Where he will be happy to meet all those afflicted withany kind of disease-and considered incurable by other Where he will be happy to meet all those afflicted withany kind of disease—and considered incurable by other practitioners. His remedies are only those which nature has so bountifully provided us with. In the treatment of disease he rejects the use of all poisonous drugs and minerals. Instead of enfeebling the system he invigorates, that nature may be able to expel the disease. It is to the knowledge of those great secrets that he owes his success; and in using which he defies all the Medical Faculty on the Continent to compete with him. All those who are suffering from Lung Diseases of whatever nature, are particularly desired to call, as one-half of the cases of consumption that are pronounced incurable by the Medical Faculty, and considered hopeless, are readily cured, and the case of the mild place of treatment from the case of the mild place of treatment for the case of the mild place of treatment from the case of the mild place of treatment of the case of the mild place of treatment from the case of the mild place of treatment from the case of the mild place of treatment from the case of the mild place of treatment of the case of the mild place of the mild p yield at once to his mild plan of treatment, from the very fact that not one physician in twenty have the proper instruments for examining the lungs, and those who have, are very few of them capable of judging the amount or kind of disease to which the lung is subject. He has cured hundreds upon hundreds of such patients, who had been

given up by other practitioners to die. The idea that consumption is necessarily fatal has destroyed more human life than the disease itself.

For all forms of Dyspepsia and Kidney Diseases he tests the urine, for the excesses deposited, which is the only possible plan to ascertain the true cause of disease. The Dr. can show more certificates of cures, sworn to by patients, than any other physician in America. Not like hundreds of empirical swindlers, he never prepares his medicines until he ascertains the disease.

The diseases of Women and Children receive his particular attention.

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Seminal Weakness and Spermatorrhoea. It is a melancholy fact that thousands who are suffering under pale and insatiate disease are victims of secret habit, self abuse, gradually undermining their constitution—the disease insidiously creeping on, every faculty is shattered, constitution wrecked, and they become subject only for a hospital or mad-house, unless death comes in as a welcome guest to relive the patient from his suffering, and his friends from the painful evidence of his irregularities and errors. The penalty will not cease with the transgression; the constitution has received the shock, and nature, unaided can not repair the injury. The only escape is found in prompt and proper medical treatment. The earlier this is sought the easier the cure. Generally the first symptoms in males, are noctural and sometimes diurnal emissions. In either sex we find weakness of the stomach, abdomen, back and loins, lassitude, loss of memory, confused ideas, low spirits, timidity, aversion to society, love of solitude, with general debility, and frequently attended with cough and hectic fever. This disagreeable and awful complaint, with all its symptoms, can be relieved and promptly arrested by the Indian Herb Doctor and his new method of cure. He uses an instrument that will arrest the disease instantly, and without any exposure to the patient.

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the Law as to the Marriage Dower, the Wife's Right in Property, Divorce a It Tells You The Law for Mechanics' Liens in ever State, and the naturalization Laws o this country, and how to comply wi It Tells You The Law concerning Pensions, and how

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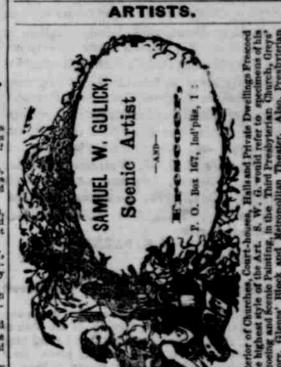
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1 &c., as cheap as the cheapest. Warranted to give satisfaction. The Place, Masonic Hall, No. 85 West Washing ton street, Indianapolis, Indiana. RAMSAY & HANNING. feb24'60-d&wlv.

PLOWS. Rare Chance for Farmers

THE UNDERSIGNED, PREPARATORY TO BUILD-ING, has determined to sell off his entire stock of is at less than manufacturers' rates. Farmers, now is your chance to provide yourselves with Raymend, Roberts A Co's, celebrated steel plows, universally admitted to be the best and most durable plow ever used in central Indiana. Some two hundred on hand, which will be sold at ma. Some two hundred on name, which an opportunity creatly reduced prices. Seldem is such an opportunity offered to farmers for bargains in this line of trade. early and examine stock and prices at the old stand, sign of the "Red Anvil," west of the Bates House, Washington street, Indianapolis.

THOMAS BUIST meh5w4t

LECAL.

DMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE -- Notice A is hereby given that the undersigned, as Administrator of the estate of John H. Meikle, deceased, in pursuance with a decree of the Marion County Court of Common Pleas, will, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, A. D. 1861, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M., o said day, on the premises, sell an undivided one-fourth part of lot-even (T) in square sixty-nine (69,) in the city of Indianapolis, Marion county, Indiana, at public sale, to the highest and best bidder over and above the two-thirds raised value thereof-it is appraised at \$225. Terms-One-third cash, balance due in six and twelve months the purchaser giving his notes therefor with interest.
KILBY FERGUSON.

Administrator Estate of John H. Meikle, deceased